IN THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A method of detecting an anti-mycobacterial CD8 T cell response comprising contacting a population of CD8 T cells of [[an]] <u>a human</u> individual with one or more peptides selected from the peptides represented by SEQ ID NO:3, 4, 7, 8, 9,10, 11 or 12, and, optionally, one or two further peptides represented by SEQ ID NO:1 and/or 2, wherein one or more of said peptides may be substituted by an analogue which binds a T cell receptor that recognises the corresponding substituted peptide, and determining whether CD8 T cells of the CD8 T cell population recognize the peptide(s).

Claim 2 (canceled)

- 3. (currently amended) A method according to claim 1 wherein a peptide panel is employed consisting of comprising the peptides represented by SEQ ID NOs:1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9 and 10, wherein one or more of these peptides may be substituted by said corresponding analogue.
- 4. (original) A method according to claim 1 wherein any analogue which is used is (i) at least 70% homologous, preferably at least 80% homologous, more preferably at least 90% homologous, to the entire corresponding substituted peptide, and/or (ii) has one or more deletions at the N-terminus and/or C-terminus in comparison to the corresponding substituted peptide, and/or (iii) has one or more conservative substitutions compared to the corresponding substituted peptide.
- 5. (original) A method according claim 1 in which the recognition of the peptide(s) by the CD8 T cells is determined by measuring secretion of a cytokine from the CD8 T cells.

- 6. (original) A method according to claim 5 in which IFN-y secretion from the T cells is measured.
- 7. (original) A method according to claim 6 in which IFN-γ secretion from the CD8 T cells is determined by allowing secreted IFN-γ to bind an immobilised antibody specific to the cytokine and then determining the presence of antibody/cytokine complex.
- 8. (original) A method according to claim 1 in which the CD8 T cells are freshly isolated *ex vivo* cells from peripheral blood.
- 9. (original) A method according to claim 1 in which CD8 T cells are pre-cultured *in vitro* with the peptide(s).
- 10. (original) A method according to claim 1 in which the mycobacterium is *M. tuberculosis*.
- 11. (original) A method according to claim 1 wherein the population of CD8 T cells is from an individual to whom an anti-mycobacterial vaccine has been administered.
- 12. (original) A method according to claim 1 which is carried out in vitro.

Claim 13 (canceled)

14. (original) A kit for carrying out a method according to claim 1 comprising one or more peptides selected from the peptides represented by SEQ ID NOs:3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 or 12, and, optionally, one or two further peptides represented by SEQ ID NO:1 and/or 2, wherein one or more of said peptides may be substituted by an analogue which binds a T cell receptor which recognises the corresponding substituted peptide, and optionally a means to detect recognition of the peptide(s) by CD8 T cells.

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Claim 15 (canceled)

16. (currently amended) A kit according to claim 14 consisting of comprising the peptides represented by SEQ ID NOs:1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9 and 10, wherein one or more of these peptides may be substituted by said corresponding analogue.

17. (original) A kit according to claim 14 which includes an antibody to IFN-γ.

18. (original) A kit according to claim 17 wherein said antibody is immobilised on a solid support and which optionally also includes a means to detect any antibody/IFN-γ complex.

Claims 19-27 (canceled)